BRAKE SYSTEM

SECTION BR

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When you read wiring diagrams:

- Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
- See EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit. When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

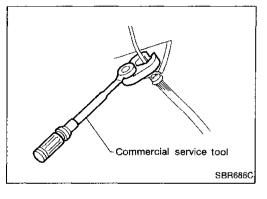
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Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "Air Bag", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and on the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death
 in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed
 by an authorized INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- All SRS electrical connectors are covered with yellow outer insulation. Do not use electrical test
 equipment on any circuit related to the SRS.



Precautions

- Recommended fluid is brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas.
- To clean or wash all parts of master cylinder, disc brake caliper and wheel cylinder, use clean brake fluid.
- Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. They will ruin rubber parts of the hydraulic system.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing and installing brake tube.
- Always torque brake lines when installing.

WARNING:

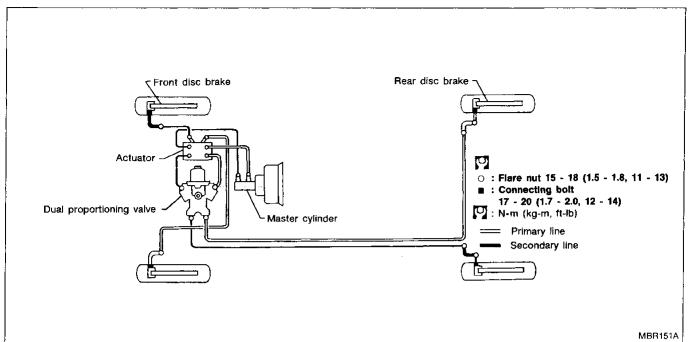
 Clean brake pads and shoes with a waste cloth, then wipe with a dust collector.

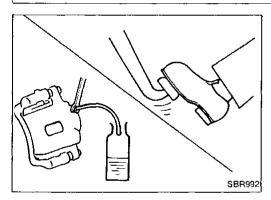
Commercial Service Tools

Tool name	Description	
 Flare nut crows foot Torque wrench		Removing and installing each brake piping
	NT360	a: 10 mm (0.39 in)
Brake fluid pressure gauge	NT151	Measuring brake fluid pressure

BR-2 872

Brake Hydraulic Line





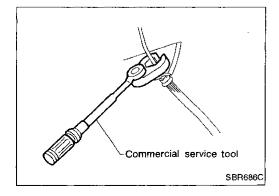
REMOVAL

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- All hoses must be free from excessive bending, twisting and pulling.
- Connect vinyl tube to air bleeder valve. 1.
- Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve by depressing brake pedal.
- Remove flare nut connecting brake tube and hose, then withdraw lock spring.
- 4. Cover openings to prevent entrance of dirt whenever disconnecting brake line.

INSPECTION

Check brake lines (tubes and hoses) for cracks, deterioration or other damage. Replace any damaged parts.



INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Tighten all flare nuts and connecting bolts. Specification:

Flare nut

15 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)

Connecting bolt

17 - 20 N·m (1.7 - 2.0 kg-m, 12 - 14 ft-lb)

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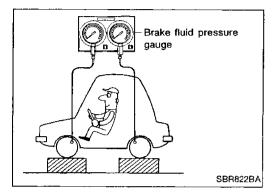
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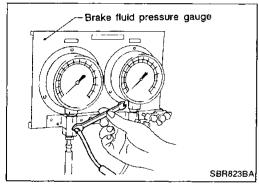
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BRAKE HYDRAULIC LINE/CONTROL VALVE

Brake Hydraulic Line (Cont'd)

- 2. Refill until new brake fluid comes out of each air bleeder valve.
- 3. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-5).





Dual Proportioning Valve

INSPECTION

CAUTION:

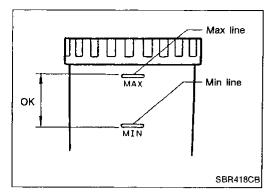
- Carefully monitor brake fluid level at master cylinder.
- Use new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on paint areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Connect Tool to air bleeders of front and rear brakes on either LH and RH side.
- 2. Bleed air from the Tool.
- 3. Check fluid pressure by depressing brake pedal.

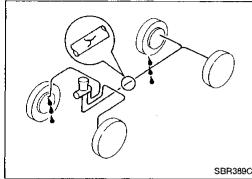
Unit: kPa (kg/cm², psi)

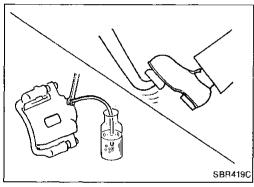
Applied pressure (Front brake)	5,394 (55, 782)
Output pressure (Rear brake)	2,452 - 2,844 (25 - 29, 356 - 412)

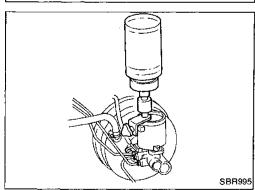
 Bleed air after disconnecting the Tool. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-5).

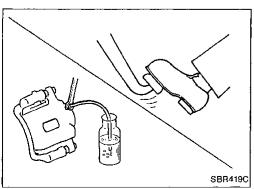
BR-4 874











Checking Brake Fluid Level

- Check fluid level in reservoir tank. It should be between Max and Min lines on reservoir tank.
- If fluid level is extremely low, check brake system for leaks.
- Release parking brake lever and see if brake warning lamp goes off. If not, check brake system for leaks.

Checking Brake Line

CAUTION:

If leakage occurs around joints, retighten or, if necessary, replace damaged parts.

- Check brake lines (tubes and hoses) for cracks, deterioration or other damage. Replace any damaged parts.
- Check for oil leakage by fully depressing brake pedal while engine is running.

Changing Brake Fluid

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Always keep fluid level higher than minimum line on reservoir tank.
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- 1. Clean inside of reservoir tank, and refill with new brake AT
- 2. Connect a vinyl tube to each air bleeder valve.
- Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve by depressing brake pedal.
- Refill until brake fluid comes out of each air bleeder valve. Use same procedure as in bleeding hydraulic system to refill brake fluid. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-5).

Bleeding Brake System

CAUTION:

- Carefully monitor brake fluid level at master cylinder during bleeding operation.
- Fill reservoir with new brake fluid "DOT 3". Make sure it is full at all times while bleeding air out of system.
- Place a container under master cylinder to avoid spillage of brake fluid.
- For models with ABS, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect ABS actuator connectors or battery ground cable.
- Bleed air in the following order. Right rear brake → Left front brake → Left rear brake → Right front brake
- 1. Connect a transparent vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- Fully depress brake pedal several times.
- With brake pedal depressed, open air bleeder valve to release air.
- Close air bleeder valve. 4.
- 5. Release brake pedal slowly.
- Repeat steps 2, through 5, until clear brake fluid comes out 6. of air bleeder valve.

BR-5

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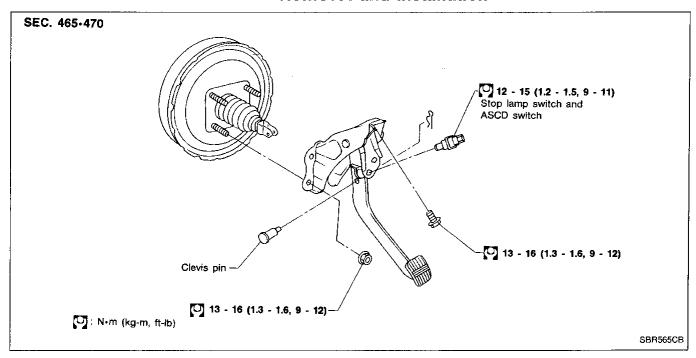
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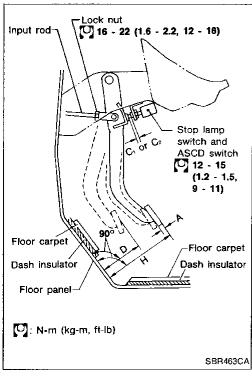
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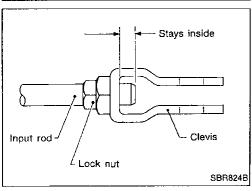
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Removal and Installation







Inspection

Check brake pedal for following items.

- Brake pedal bend
- Clevis pin deformation
- Crack of any welded portion

Adjustment

Check brake pedal free height from dash reinforcement panel. Adjust if necessary.

H: Free height

Refer to SDS (BR-63).

D: Depressed height

Refer to SDS. (BR-63).

Under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb)

with engine running

C₁, C₂: Clearance between pedal stopper and threaded end of stop lamp switch and ASCD switch

0.3 - 1.0 mm (0.012 - 0.039 in)

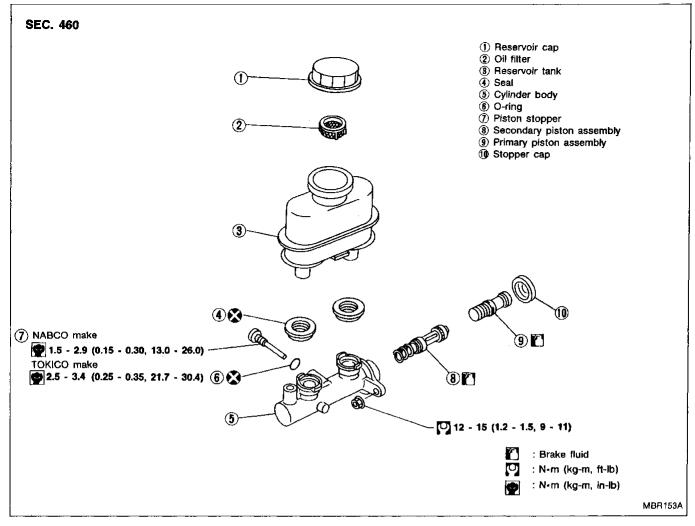
A: Pedal free play

1 - 3 mm (0.04 - 0.12 in)

- 1. Loosen lock nut and adjust pedal free height by turning brake booster input rod. Then tighten lock nut.
- 2. Check pedal free play.

Make sure that stop lamps go off when pedal is released.

3. Check brake pedal's depressed height while engine is running. If lower than specification, check brake system for leaks, accumulation of air or any damage to components (master cylinder, wheel cylinder, etc.); then make necessary repairs.



Removal

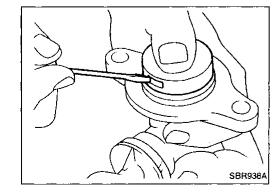
CAUTION:

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- 2. Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve, depressing brake pedal to empty fluid from master cylinder.
- Remove brake pipe flare nuts.
- 4. Remove master cylinder mounting nuts.

Disassembly

1. Bend claws of stopper cap outward.



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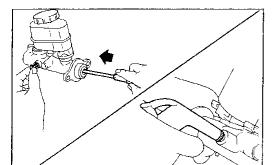
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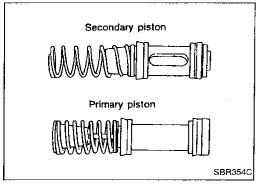
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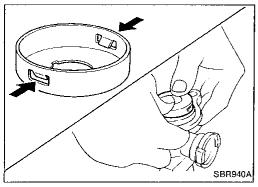
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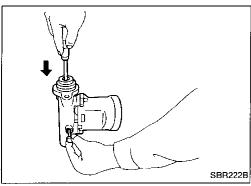
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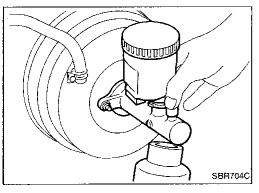
MASTER CYLINDER











Disassembly (Cont'd)

- 2. Remove valve stopper while piston is pushed into cylinder.
- 3. Remove piston assemblies.

If it is difficult to remove secondary piston assembly, gradually apply compressed air through fluid outlet.

4. Draw out reservoir tank.

Inspection

Check for the Bollowing items.

Replace any part if damaged.

Master cylinder:

Pin holes or scratches on inner wall.

Piston:

SBR2310

Deformation of or scratches on piston cups.

Assembly

- 1. Insert secondary piston assembly. Then insert primary piston assembly.
- Pay attention to alignment of secondary piston slit with valve stopper mounting hole of cylinder body.
- 2. Install stopper cap.

Before installing stopper cap, ensure that claws are bent inward.

- 3. Push reservoir tank seals into cylinder body.
- 4. Push reservoir tank into cylinder body.

5. Install valve stopper while piston is pushed into cylinder.

Installation

CAUTION:

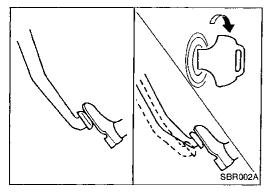
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Place master cylinder onto brake booster and secure mounting nuts lightly.
- 2. Torque mounting nuts.

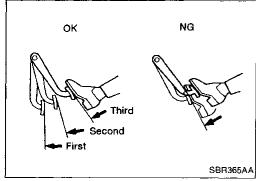
12 - 15 N·m (1.2 - 1.5 kg-m, 9 - 11 ft-lb)

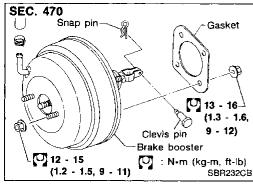
- 3. Fill up reservoir tank with new brake fluid.
- 4. Plug all ports on master cylinder with fingers to prevent air suction while releasing brake pedal.
- 5. Have driver depress brake pedal slowly several times until no air comes out of master cylinder.
- 6. Fit brake lines to master cylinder.
- 7. Tighten flare nuts.

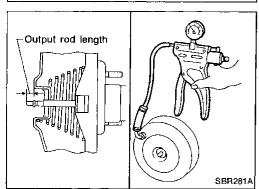
(1.5 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)

 Bleed air from brake system. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-5).









Brake Booster

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

Operating check

- Stop engine and depress brake pedal several times. Check that pedal stroke does not change.
- Depress brake pedal, then start engine. If pedal goes down slightly, operation is normal.

Airtight check

- Start engine, and stop it after one or two minutes. Depress brake pedal several times slowly. The pedal should go further down the first time, and then it should gradually rise thereafter.
- Depress brake pedal while engine is running, and stop engine with pedal depressed. The pedal stroke should not change after holding pedal down for 30 seconds.

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Be careful not to deform or bend brake pipes, during removal of booster.

INSPECTION

Output rod length check

- 1. Apply vacuum of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg) to brake booster with a handy vacuum pump.
- 2. Check output rod length.

Specified length:

10.275 - 10.525 mm (0.4045 - 0.4144 in)

INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to deform or bend brake pipes, during installation of booster.
- Replace clevis pin if damaged.
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
 - Take care not to damage brake booster mounting bolt thread when installing. Due to the acute angle of installation, the threads can be damaged with the dash panel.

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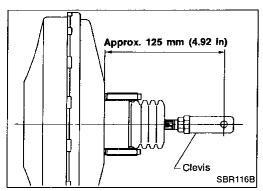
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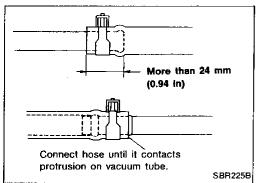
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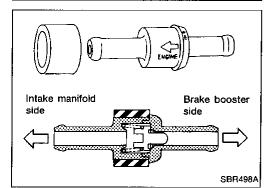
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BRAKE BOOSTER/VACUUM HOSE







Brake Booster (Cont'd)

- 1. Before fitting booster, temporarily adjust clevis to dimension shown.
- 2. Fit booster, then secure mounting nuts (brake pedal bracket to master cylinder) lightly.
- 3. Connect brake pedal and booster input rod with clevis pin.
- 4. Secure mounting nuts.

Specification: 13 - 16 N·m (1.3 - 1.6 kg-m, 9 - 12 ft-lb)

- Install master cylinder. Refer to "Installation" in "MASTER CYLINDER" (BR-8).
- 6. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-5).

Vacuum Hose

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

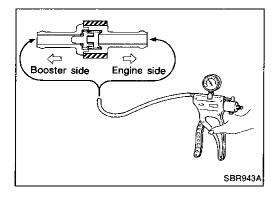
When installing vacuum hoses, pay attention to the following points.

- Do not apply any oil or lubricants to vacuum hose and check valve.
- Insert vacuum tube into vacuum hose as shown.
- Install check valve, paying attention to its direction.

INSPECTION

Hoses and connectors

Check vacuum lines, connections and check valve for airtightness, improper attachment chafing and deterioration.



Check valve

Check vacuum with a vacuum pump.

Connect to booster side	Vacuum should exist.
Connect to engine side	Vacuum should not exist.

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Pad Replacement

WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

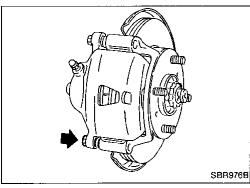
CAUTION:

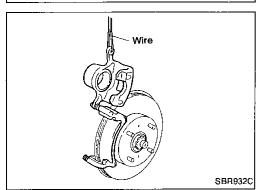
When cylinder body is open, do not depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.

Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on rotor. Always replace shims when replacing pads.

If shims are rusted or show peeling of the rubber coat, replace them with new shims.

It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.





Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.

2. Remove pin bolt.

3. Open cylinder body upward. Then remove pad with retainers, inner and outer shims.

Standard pad thickness:

11 mm (0.43 in)

Pad wear limit:

2.0 mm (0.079 in)

Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.

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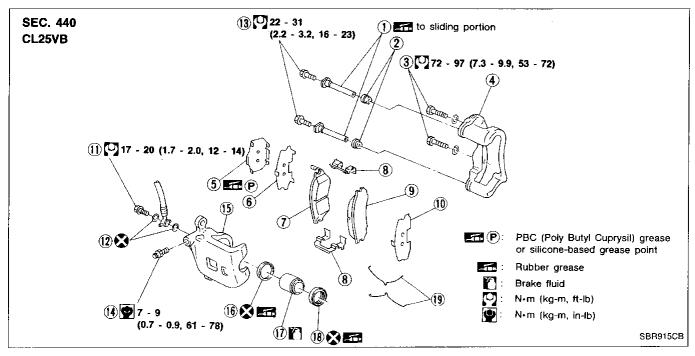
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- 1 Main pin
- 2 Pin boot
- 3 Torque member fixing bolt
- (4) Torque member
- (5) Shim cover
- 6 Inner shim
- 7 Inner pad

- (8) Pad retainer
- (9) Outer pad
- (10) Outer shim
- (1) Connecting bolt
- (2) Copper washer
- Main pin bolt

- (14) Bleed valve
- (5) Cylinder body
- (6) Piston seal
- (17) Piston
- (8) Piston boot
- (9) Pad return spring

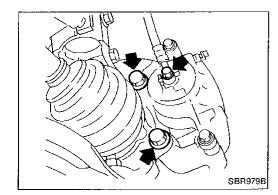
Removal

WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.



It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend caliper assembly with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.



Disassembly

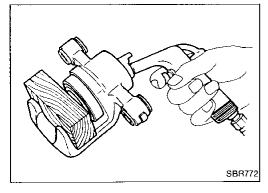
WARNING:

Do not place your fingers in front of piston.

CAUTION:

Do not scratch or score cylinder wall.

- 1. Push out piston with piston boot with compressed air.
- 2. Remove piston seal with a suitable tool.



Inspection — Caliper

CYLINDER BODY

Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign materials. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.

Minor damage from rust or foreign materials may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper. Replace cylinder body if necessary.

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CAUTION:

Use brake fluid to clean. Never use mineral oil.

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PISTON

CAUTION:

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Piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign materials are stuck to sliding surface.

Check piston for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign materials. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

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SLIDE PIN, PIN BOLT AND PIN BOOT

Check for wear, cracks or other damage. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

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Inspection — Rotor

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RUBBING SURFACE

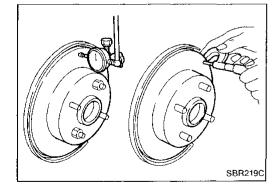
Check rotor for roughness, cracks or chips.

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RUNOUT

- Secure rotor to wheel hub with at least two nuts (M12 x 1.25).
- Check runout using a dial indicator.

Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specifications before measuring. Refer to "Front Wheel Bearing" in FA section.

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Maximum runout: 0.08 mm (0.0031 in)

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- If the runout is out of specification, find minimum runout position as follows:
 - Remove nuts and rotor from wheel hub. a.
 - b. Shift the rotor one hole and secure rotor to wheel hub with nuts.
 - c. Measure runout.
 - Repeat steps a, to c, so that minimum runout posid. tion can be found.
- 4. If the runout is still out of specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe ("MAD, DL-8700", "AMMCO 700 and 705" or equivalent).

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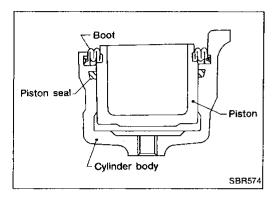
Inspection — Rotor (Cont'd)

THICKNESS

Thickness variation (At least 8 positions): Maximum 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

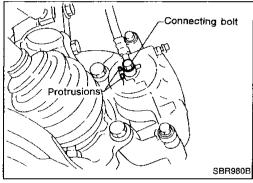
If thickness variation exceeds the specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe.

Rotor repair limit: 20.0 mm (0.787 in)



Assembly

- 1. Insert piston seal into groove on cylinder body.
- 2. With piston boot fitted to piston, insert piston boot into groove on cylinder body and install piston.
- 3. Properly secure piston boot.



Installation

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Install brake hose to caliper securely.
- 2. Install all parts and secure all bolts.
- 3. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-5).

BR-14 884

Pad Replacement

WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

CAUTION:

SBR938C

SBR916C

When cylinder body is open, do not depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.

Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on rotor. Always replace shims in replacing pads.

If shims are rusted or show peeling of rubber coat, replace them with new shims.

It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.

Remove master cylinder reservoir cap. 1.

Remove brake cable mounting bolt and lock spring.

Release parking brake control lever, then disconnect cable from the caliper.

Remove upper pin bolt. 4.

5. Open cylinder body downward. Then remove pad retainers, and inner and outer shims.

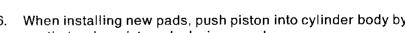
Standard pad thickness:

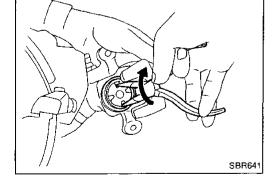
10 mm (0.39 in)

Pad wear limit:

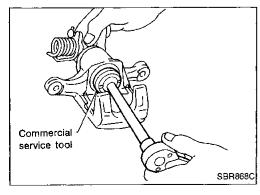
1.5 mm (0.059 in)

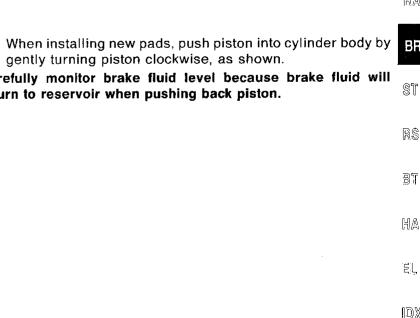
Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.





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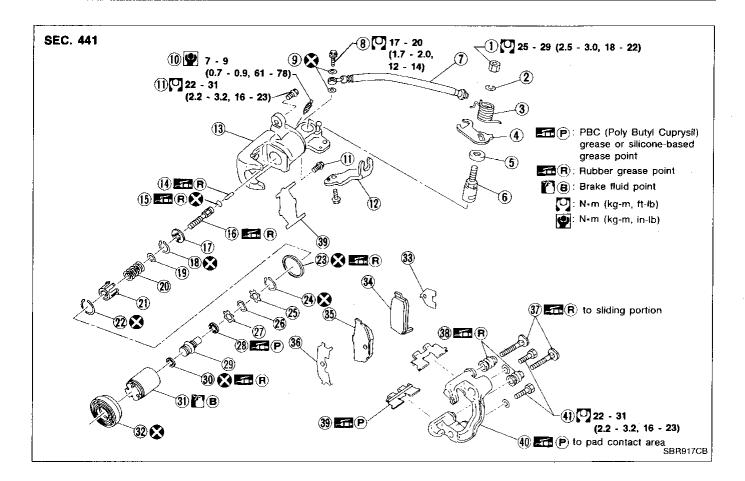
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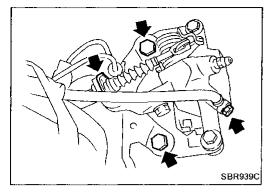


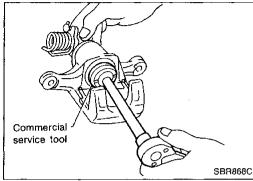
- Nut
- **(2**) Washer
- 3 Return spring
- (4) Parking brake lever
- (5) Cam boot
- **(6**) Cam
- ⑦ Brake hose
- (8) Connecting bolt
- Copper washer
- Bleed screw
- (fi) Pin bolt
- (2) Cable mounting bracket
- (13) Cylinder
- (4) Strut

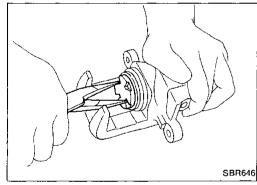
- (15) O-ring
- Push rod
- Key plate
- Ring C
- (19) Seat
- **(20)**
- Spring
- **2**1) Spring cover
- Ring B
- 23) Piston seal
- (24) Ring A
- Spacer
- Wave washer
- (27) Spacer
- Ball bearing

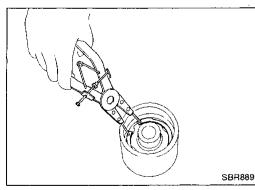
- Adjusting nut
- Cup
- (31) Piston
- Dust seal
- Inner shim
- Inner pad
- (35) Outer pad
- Outer shim
- (37) Pin
- (38) Pin boot
- Pad retainer
- Torque member
- Torque member fixing bolt

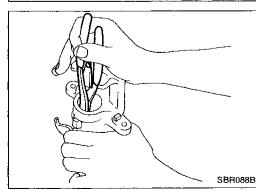
BR-16 886











Removal

WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

- 1. Remove brake cable mounting bolt and lock spring.
- Release parking brake control lever, then disconnect cable from the caliper.
- B. Remove torque member fixing bolts and connecting bolt.

It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend caliper assembly with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.

Disassembly

1: Remove piston by turning it counterclockwise with suitable commercial service tool or long nose pliers.

2. Pry off ring A from piston with suitable pliers and remove adjusting nut.

- Disassemble cylinder body.
- a. Pry off ring B with suitable pliers, then remove spring cover, spring and seat.
- b. Pry off ring C, then remove key plate, push rod and rod.

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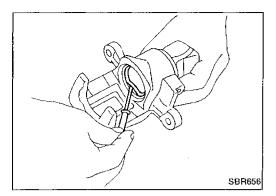
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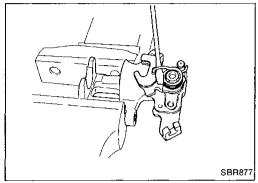
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Disassembly (Cont'd)

c. Remove piston seal.

Be careful not to damage cylinder body.





4. Remove return spring, nut and lever.

Inspection — Caliper

CAUTION:

Use brake fluid to clean cylinder. Never use mineral oil.

CYLINDER BODY

- Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign materials. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.
- Minor damage from rust or foreign materials may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper.
 Replace cylinder body if necessary.

TORQUE MEMBER

Check for wear, cracks or other damage. Replace if necessary.

PISTON

CAUTION:

Piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign matter is stuck to sliding surface.

Check piston for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign materials.

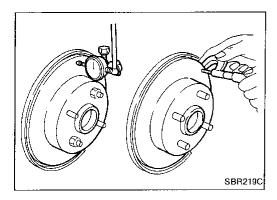
Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

PIN AND PIN BOOT

Check for wear, cracks or other damage.

Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

BR-18 888



Inspection — Rotor

RUBBING SURFACE

Check rotor for roughness, cracks or chips.

RUNOUT

1. Secure rotor to wheel hub with two nuts (M12 x 1.25).

Check runout using a dial indicator.

Make sure that axial end play is within the specifications before measuring. Refer to "Rear Wheel Bearing" in RA section.

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Change relative positions of rotor and wheel hub so that runout is minimized.

Maximum runout:

0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

THICKNESS

Rotor repair limit:

Standard thickness

9 mm (0.35 in)

Minimum thickness 8 mm (0.31 in)

Thickness variation (At least 8 portions)

Maximum 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

Assembly

1. Install cup in the specified direction.

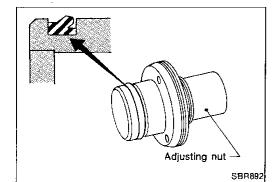


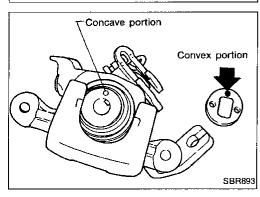


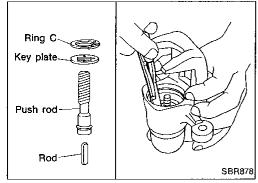
Fit push rod into square hole in key plate. Also match con-

vex portion of key plate with concave portion of cylinder.

Install ring C with a suitable tool.

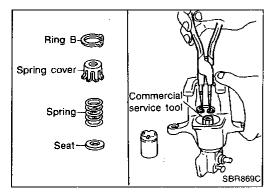




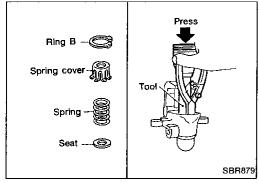




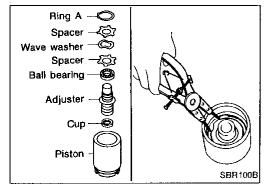
Assembly (Cont'd)



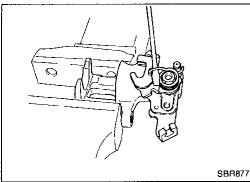
4. Install seat, spring, spring cover and ring B with suitable press and drift.



Install cup, adjuster, bearing, spacers, washers and ring A with a suitable tool.



- 6. Fit lever and tighten nut.
- 7. Fit return spring in the order shown.

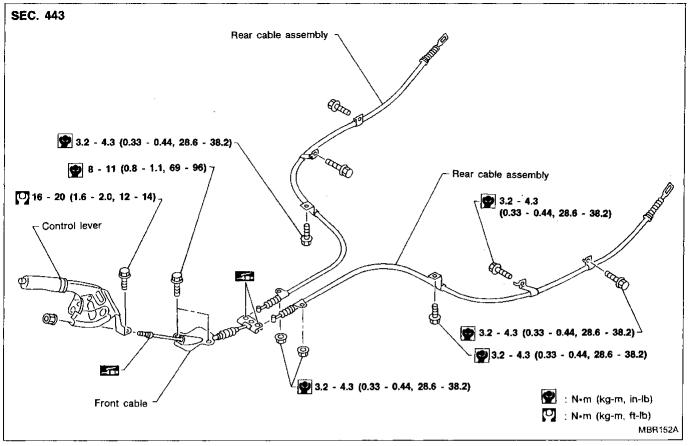


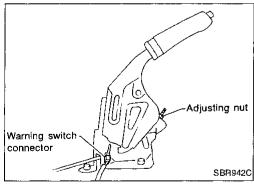
Installation

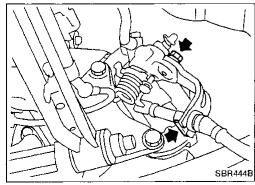
CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Install brake hose to caliper securely.
- 2. Install all parts and secure all bolts.
- 3. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-5).

BR-20 890







Removal and Installation

- To remove parking brake cable, first remove center console.
- Disconnect warning switch connector.
- 3. Remove bolts, slacken off and remove adjusting nut.

4. Remove parking brake cable lock plate.

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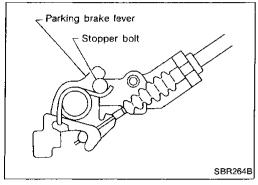
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Inspection

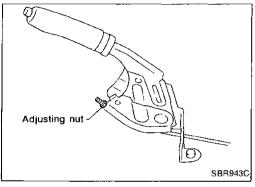
- 1. Check control lever for wear or other damage. Replace if necessary.
- Check wires for discontinuity or deterioration. Replace if necessary.
- 3. Check warning lamp and switch. Replace if necessary.
- 4. Check parts at each connecting portion and, if found deformed or damaged, replace.



Adjustment

Pay attention to the following points after adjustment.

- a. There is no drag when control lever is being released.
- b. Parking brake lever returns to stopper bolt when control lever for rear disc brake models is released.



- 1. Loosen parking brake cable.
- 2. Depress brake pedal fully more than 5 times.
- 3. Adjust control lever by turning adjusting nut.
- 4. Pull control lever with specified amount of force. Check lever stroke and ensure smooth operation.

Number of notches: 10 - 11 [196 N (20 kg, 44 lb)]

 Bend warning lamp switchplate. Warning lamp should come on when lever is pulled "A" notches. It should go off when the lever is fully released.

Number of "A" notches: 1

BR-22 892

Purpose

The ABS consists of electronic and hydraulic components. It allows for control of braking force so that locking of the wheels can be avoided.

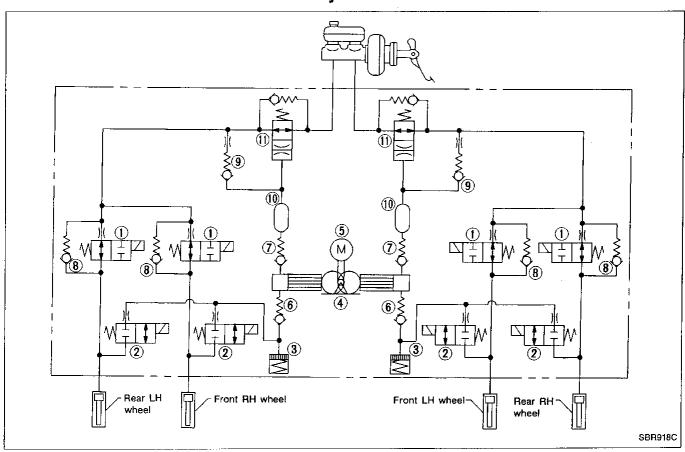
The ABS:

- 1) Ensures proper tracking performance through steering wheel operation.
- 2) Enables obstacles to be avoided through steering wheel operation.
- 3) Ensures vehicle stability by preventing flat spins.

Operation

- When the vehicle speed is less than 10 km/h (6 MPH) this system does not work.
- The Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) has self-test capabilities. The system turns on the ABS warning lamp for 1 second after turning the ignition switch ON. The system performs another test the first time the vehicle reaches 6 km/h (4 MPH). A mechanical noise may be heard as the ABS performs a self-test. This is a normal part of the self-test feature. If a malfunction is found during this check, the ABS warning lamp will come on.
- During ABS operation, a mechanical noise may be heard. This is a normal condition.

ABS Hydraulic Circuit



- 1 Inlet solenoid valve
- (2) Outlet solenoid valve
- (3) Reservoir
- (4) Pump

- Motor
- (6) Inlet valve
- (7) Outlet valve
- (8) Bypass check valve

- Check valve
- (10) Damper
- (f) Gradient switch

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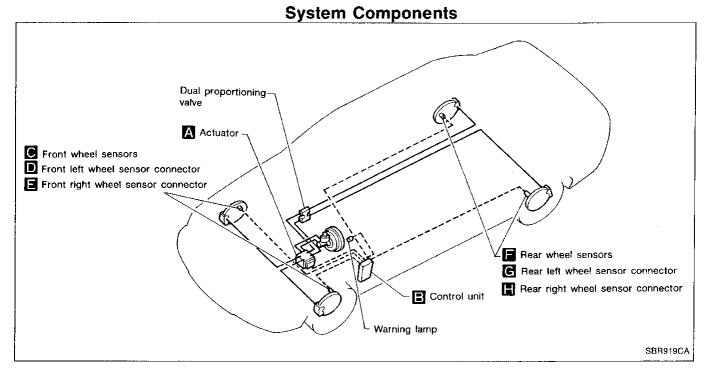
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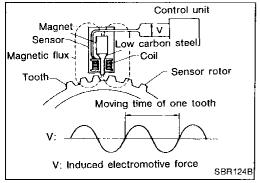
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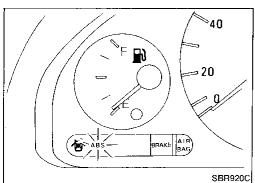
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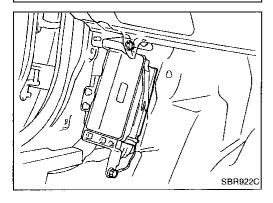
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BR-23 893









System Description

SENSOR

The sensor unit consists of a gear-shaped sensor rotor and a sensor element. The element contains a bar magnet around which a coil is wound. The sensor is installed on the back side of the brake rotor. Sine-wave current is generated by the sensor as the wheel rotates. The frequency and voltage increase(s) as the rotating speed increases.

CONTROL UNIT

The control unit computes the wheel rotating speed by the signal current sent from the sensor. Then it supplies a DC current to the actuator solenoid valve. It also controls ON-OFF operation of the valve relay and motor relay. If any electrical malfunction should be detected in the system, the warning lamp is turned on. In this condition, the ABS will be deactivated, and the vehicle's brake system reverts to normal operation.

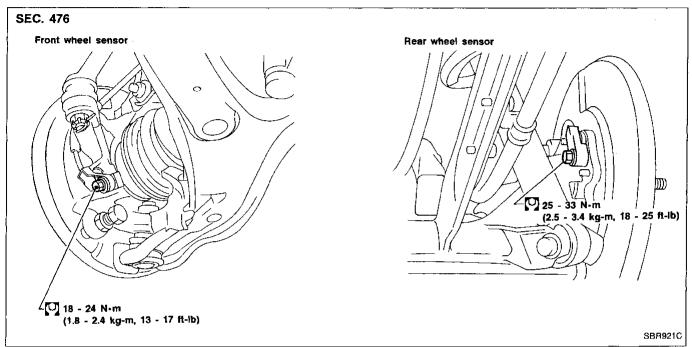
BR-24 894

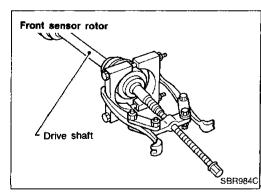
Removal and Installation

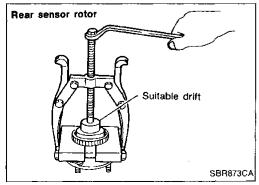
CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage sensor edge and sensor rotor teeth. When removing the front or rear wheel hub assembly, first remove the ABS wheel sensor from the assembly. Failure to do so may result in damage to the sensor wires making the sensor inoperative.

WHEEL SENSORS







SENSOR ROTOR

Removal

- Remove the drive shaft and rear wheel hub. Refer to "Drive \$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\tex Shaft" in FA section and "Wheel Hub" in RA section.
- Remove the sensor rotor using suitable puller, drift and bearing replacer.

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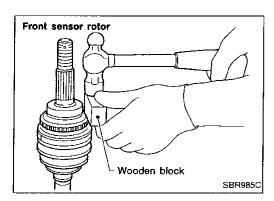
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ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM

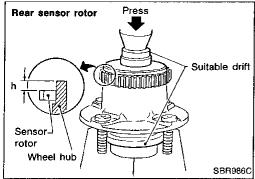


Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

Installation

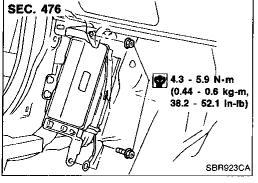
Install the sensor rotor. For front sensor rotor, use hammer and wooden block. For rear sensor rotor, use suitable drift and press.

Always replace sensor rotor with new one.



 Pay attention to the dimension of rear sensor rotor as show in figure.

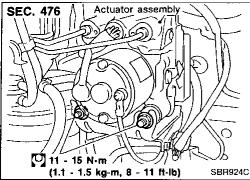
h: 12.5 - 13.5 mm (0.492 - 0.531 in)



CONTROL UNIT

Location: Driver side dash side lower.

 Make sure that the sensor shield ground cable is secured with lower mounting bolt.



ACTUATOR

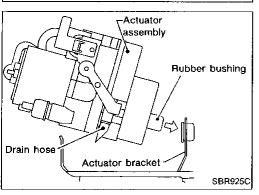
Removal

- Disconnect battery cable.
- 2. Drain brake fluid. Refer to "Changing Brake Fluid" (BR-5).
- 3. Apply different colored paint to each pipe connector and actuator to prevent incorrect connection.
- 4. Disconnect harness connectors, brake pipes and remove fixing nuts and actuator ground cable.

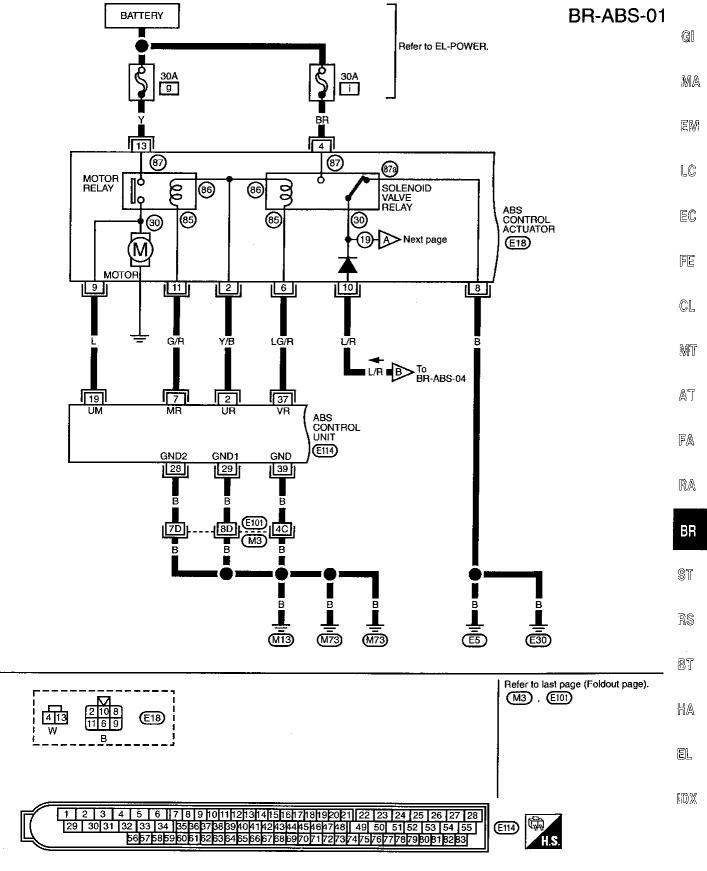
installation

CAUTION:

- Make sure that the rubber bushing is attached to actuator's mounting portion.
- Make sure that the drain hose is firmly installed on the actuator.
- After installation, refill brake fluid. Then bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-5).
- 1. Temporarily install actuator on the bracket.
- 2. Tighten actuator ground cable.
- 3. Connect brake pipes temporarily.
- 4. Tighten fixing nuts.
- 5. Tighten brake pipes.
- 6. Connect harness connectors and battery cable.

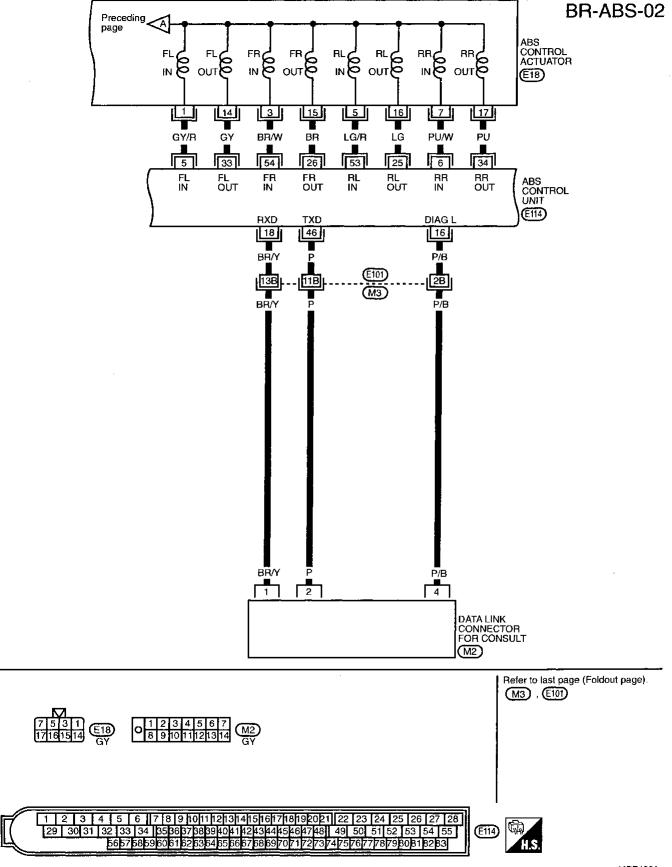


Wiring Diagram — ABS —

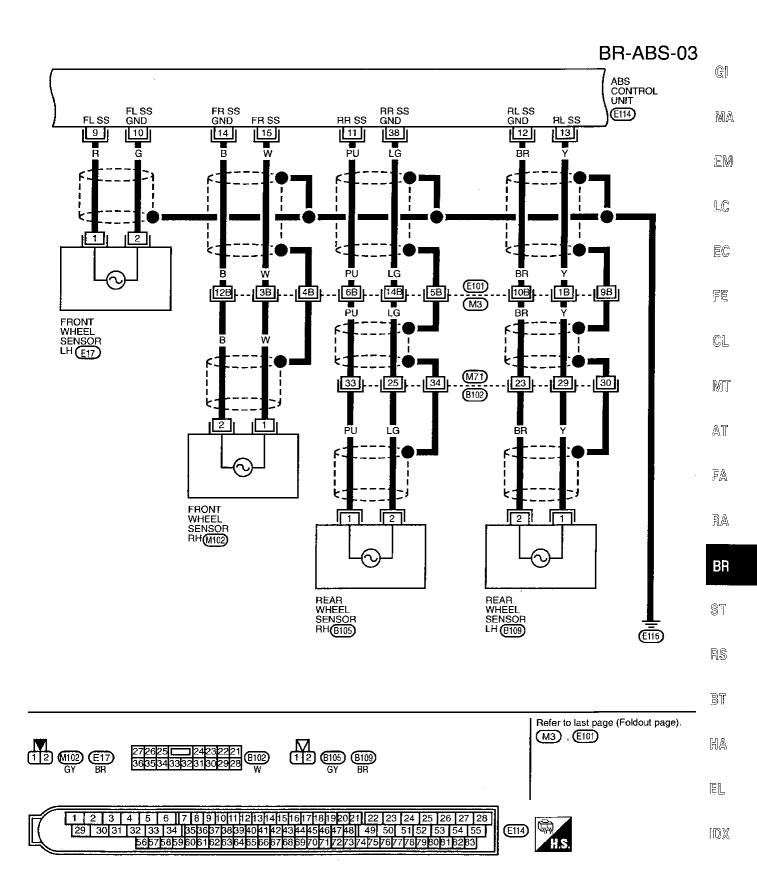


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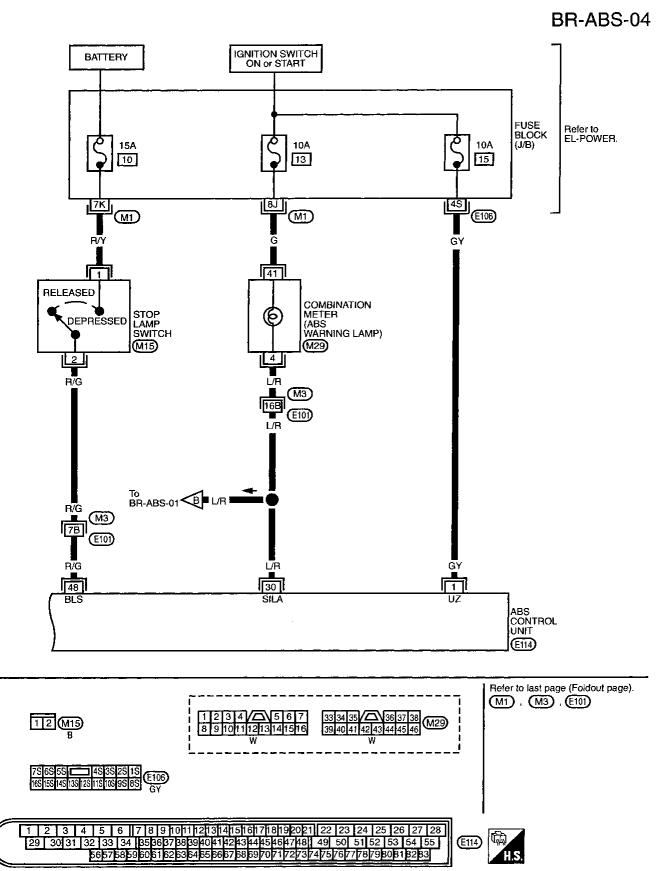
Wiring Diagram — ABS — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — ABS — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — ABS — (Cont'd)

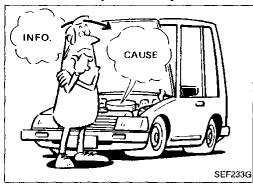


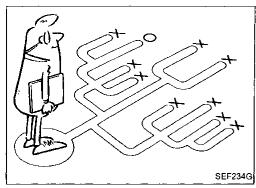
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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Self-diagnosis	BR-32	
CONSULT	BR-35	
CONSULT Inspection Procedure	BR-36	G [
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Circuit Diagram for Quick Pinpoint Check		
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Diagnostic Procedure 2 Warning lamp stays on	BR-46	EM
Diagnostic Procedure 3 Actuator solenoid valve	BR-49	
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Diagnostic Procedure 5 Motor relay or motor	BR-53	
Diagnostic Procedure 6 Solenoid valve relay	BR-56	
Diagnostic Procedure 7 Power supply	BR-58	EC
Diagnostic Procedure 8 Control unit		Carco
Diagnostic Procedure 9 Pedal vibration and noise	BR-59	
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Diagnostic Procedure 13 ABS works frequently	BR-61	CL
Electrical Component Inspection	BR-62	





How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair

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INTRODUCTION

The ABS system has an electronic control unit to control major functions. The control unit accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuator. It is essential that both kinds of signals are proper and stable. It is also important to check for conventional problems: such as air leaks in the booster or lines, lack of brake fluid, or other problems with the brake system.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or faulty wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspicious circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems, so a road test should be performed.

Before undertaking actual checks, take just a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a ABS complaint. The customer is a very good source of information on such problems; especially intermittent ones. Through the talks with the customer, find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur.

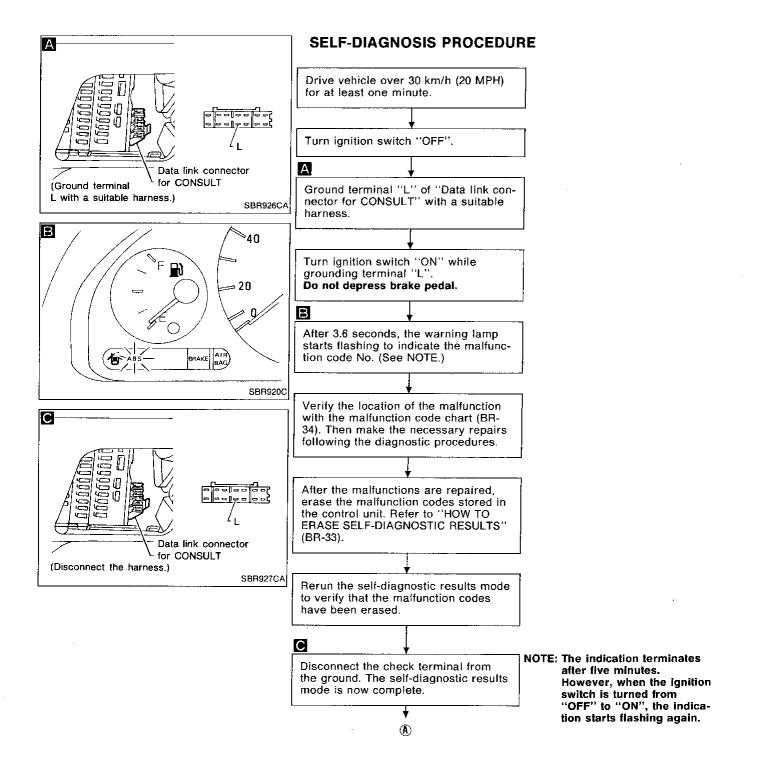
Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This is one of the best ways to troubleshoot brake problems on an ABS controlled vehicle.

BR-31 901

Self-diagnosis

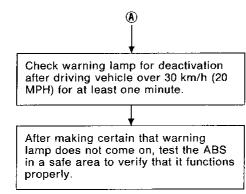
FUNCTION

When a problem occurs in the ABS, the warning lamp on the instrument panel comes on. To actuate the self-diagnostic results mode, ground the self-diagnostic (check) terminal located on "Data link connector for CONSULT". The location of the malfunction is indicated by the warning lamp flashing.



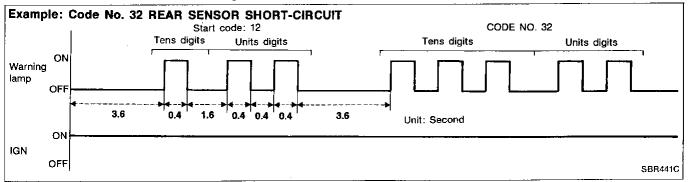
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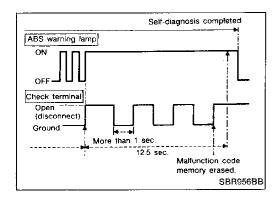
Self-diagnosis (Cont'd)



HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)

- Determine the code No. by counting the number of times the warning lamp flashes on and off.
- When several malfunctions occur at one time, up to three code numbers can be stored; the latest malfunction will be indicated first.
- The indication begins with the start code 12. After that a maximum of three code numbers appear in the order of the latest one first. The indication then returns to the start code 12 to repeat (the indication will stay on for five minutes at the most).
- The malfunction code chart is given on the next page.





HOW TO ERASE SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)

- Disconnect the check terminal from the ground under the self-diagnostic results mode.
- Ground check terminal more than three times within 12.5 seconds. (Each grounding must be longer than one sec-
 - The ABS warning lamp stays on while the erase mode. Then it goes out after the erase operation has been completed.
 - The self-diagnosis is also completed at the same time.

After the erase operation, rerun the self-diagnostic mode. Verify that malfunction codes no longer appear. When the system is functioning normally, only the start code should be indicated.

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Self-diagnosis (Cont'd) MALFUNCTION CODE/SYMPTOM CHART

Code No. (No. of LED flashes)	Malfunctioning part	Diagnostic procedure
45	Actuator front left outlet solenoid valve	3
46	Actuator front left inlet solenoid valve	3
41	Actuator front right outlet solenoid valve	3
42	Actuator front right inlet solenoid valve	3
51	Actuator rear right outlet solenoid valve	3
52	Actuator rear right inlet solenoid valve	3
55	Actuator rear left inlet solenoid valve	3
56	Actuator rear left inlet solenoid valve	3
25	Front left sensor (open-circuit)	4
26	Front left sensor (short-circuit)	4
21	Front right sensor (open-circuit)	4
22	Front right sensor (short-circuit)	4
35	Rear left sensor (open-circuit)	4
36	Rear left sensor (short-circuit)	4
31	Rear right sensor (open-circuit)	4
32	Rear right sensor (short-circuit)	4
18	Sensor rotor	4
61	Actuator motor or motor relay	5
63	Solenoid valve relay	6
57	Power supply (Low voltage)	7
71	Control unit	8
Warning lamp stays on when ignition switch is turned on.	Control unit power supply circuit Warning lamp bulb circuit Control unit or control unit connector Solenoid valve relay stuck Power supply for solenoid valve relay coil	2
Warning lamp stays on, during self-diagnosis.	Control unit	_
Warning lamp does not come on when ignition switch is turned on.	Fuse, warning lamp bulb or warning lamp circuit Control unit	1
Warning lamp does not come on during self-diagnosis.	Control unit	
Pedal vibration and noise		9
Long stopping distance	_	10
Unexpected pedal action	_	11
ABS does not work.	_	12
ABS works frequently.		13

BR-34 904

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

CONSULT

CONSULT APPLICATION TO ABS

ITEM	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	DATA MONITOR	ACTIVE TEST	- Gl
Front right wheel sensor	х	х	_	
Front left wheel sensor	Х	Х		MA
Rear right wheel sensor	х	Х	_	
Rear left wheel sensor	х	х		— EM
Stop lamp switch	_	х		
Front right inlet solenoid valve	X	. х	Х	— — LC
Front right outlet solenoid valve	Х	Х	Х	Lv
Front left inlet solenoid valve	Х	х	Х	_
Front left outlet solenoid valve	Х	Х	Х	— EC
Rear right inlet solenoid valve	X	Х	Х	
Rear left inlet solenoid valve	Х	х	×	
Rear right outlet solenoid valve	х	Х	Х	
Rear left outlet solenoid valve	Х	Х	Х	- GL
Actuator solenoid valve relay	Х	Х	<u> </u>	
Actuator motor relay (ABS MOTOR is shown on the Data Monitor screen.)	х	х	х	MT
ABS warning lamp		Х	_	- AT
Battery voltage (SENSOR VOLT is shown on the Data Monitor screen.)	х	х	_	- FA

X: Applicable

ECU part number mode

Ignore the ECU part number displayed in the ECU PART NUMBER MODE. Refer to parts catalog to order the ECU.

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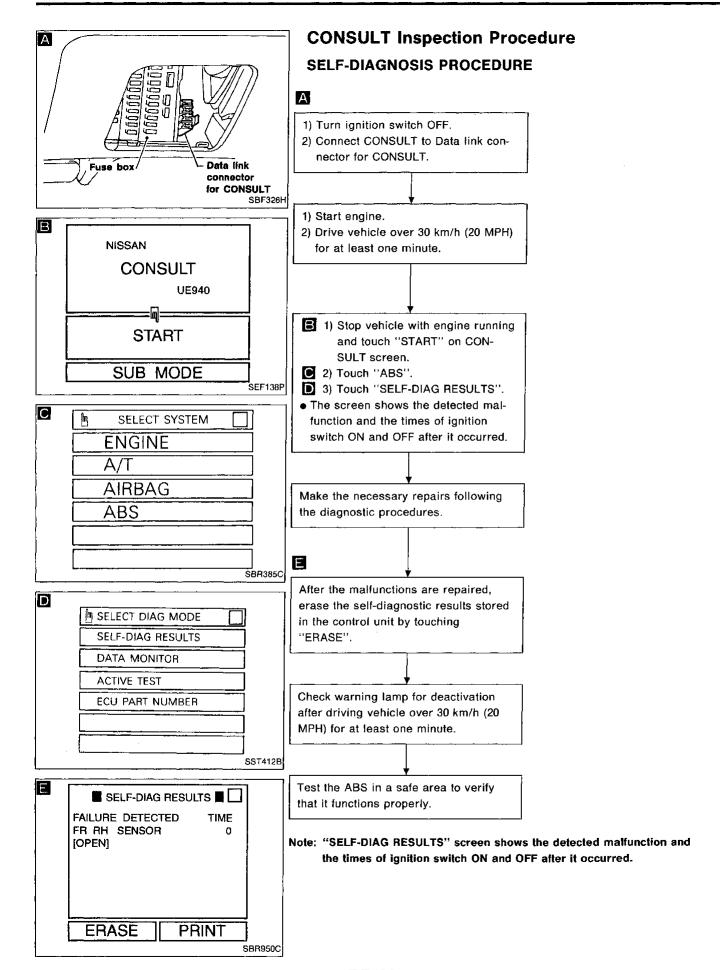
HA

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DX

BR-35 905

^{—:} Not applicable



BR-36

CONSULT Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

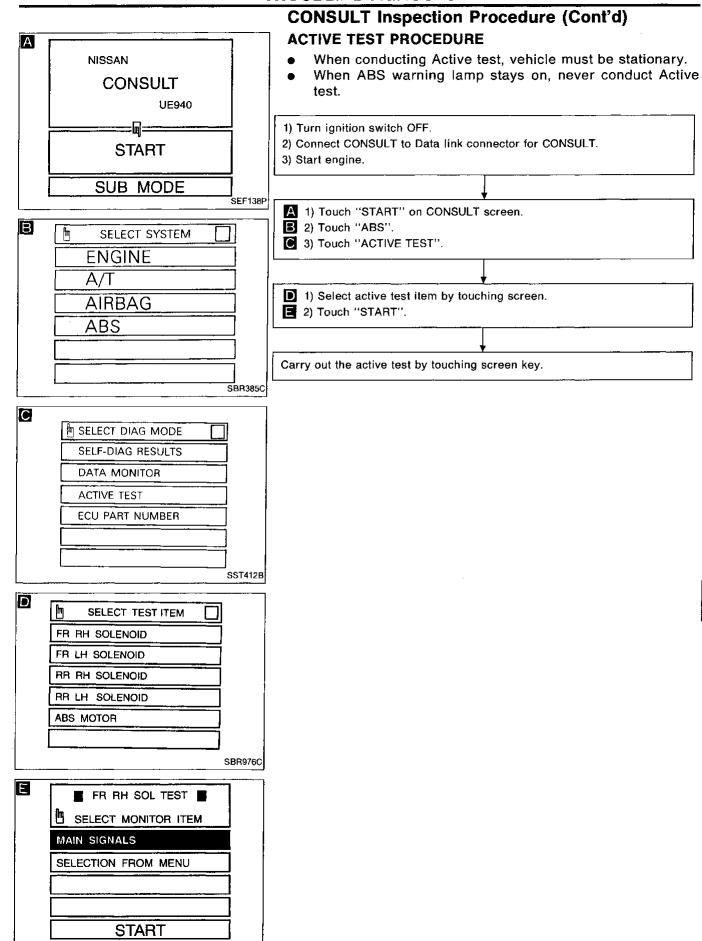
SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS MODE

Diagnostic item	Diagnostic item is detected when	Diagnostic procedure
FR RH SENSOR [OPEN]	 Circuit for front right wheel sensor is open. (An abnormally high input voltage is entered.) 	4
FR LH SENSOR [OPEN]	Circuit for front left wheel sensor is open. (An abnormally high input voltage is entered.)	4
RR RH SENSOR OPENI	Circuit for rear right sensor is open. (An abnormally high input voltage is entered.)	4
RR LH SENSOR [OPEN]	Circuit for rear left sensor is open. (An abnormally high input voltage is entered.)	4
FR RH SENSOR [SHORT]	Circuit for front right wheel sensor is shorted. (An abnormally low input voltage is entered.)	4
FR LH SENSOR	Circuit for front left wheel sensor is shorted. (An abnormally low input voltage is entered.)	4
RR RH SENSOR	Circuit for rear right sensor is shorted. (An abnormally low input voltage is entered.)	4
RR LH SENSOR	Circuit for rear left sensor is shorted. (An abnormally low input voltage is entered.)	4
ABS SENSOR [ABNORMAL SIGNAL]	Teeth damage on sensor rotor or improper installation of wheel sensor. (Abnormal wheel sensor signal is entered.)	4
FR RH IN ABS SOL [OPEN]	Circuit for front right inlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
FR LH IN ABS SOL [OPEN]	Circuit for front left inlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
RR RH IN ABS SOL [OPEN]	Circuit for rear right inlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
RR LH IN ABS SOL. OPEN]	Circuit for rear left inlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
FR RH IN ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for front right inlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
FR LH IN ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for front left inlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
RR RH IN ABS SOL	Circuit for rear right inlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
RR LH IN ABS SOL	Circuit for rear left inlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
R RH OUT ABS SOL	Circuit for front right outlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
FR LH OUT ABS SOL OPEN]	Circuit for front left outlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
RR RH OUT ABS SOL	Circuit for rear right outlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
RR LH OUT ABS SOL OPEN]	Circuit for rear left outlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
R RH OUT ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for front right outlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
TR LH OUT ABS SOL.	Circuit for front left outlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
RR RH OUT ABS SOL	Circuit for rear right outlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
RR LH OUT ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for rear left outlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
ABS ACTUATOR RELAY FAILURE]	Actuator solenoid valve relay is ON, even control unit sends off signal. Actuator solenoid valve relay is OFF, even control unit sends on signal.	6
ABS MOTOR FAILURE]	Circuit for actuator motor is open or shorted. Actuator motor relay is stuck.	5
BATTERY VOLT VB-LOW]	Power source voltage supplied to ABS control unit is abnormally low.	7
CONTROL UNIT	Function of calculation in ABS control unit has failed.	8

CONSULT Inspection Procedure (Cont'd) DATA MONITOR PROCEDURE NISSAN 1) Turn ignition switch OFF. CONSULT 2) Connect CONSULT to Data link connector for CONSULT. UE940 3) Turn ignition switch ON. =կ= **START** A 1) Touch "START" on CONSULT screen. B 2) Touch "ABS". SUB MODE C 3) Touch "DATA MONITOR". SEF138P В SELECT SYSTEM 1) Touch "SETTING" on "SELECT MONITOR ITEM" screen. **ENGINE** 2) Touch "LONG TIME" on "SET RECORDING COND" screen. A/T D 3) Touch "START" on "SELECT MONITOR ITEM". **AIRBAG** ABS SBR385C С SELECT DIAG MODE SELF-DIAG RESULTS DATA MONITOR **ACTIVE TEST** ECU PART NUMBER SST412B D SELECT MONITOR ITEM ALL SIGNALS SELECTION FROM MENU START SETTING SBR936C Ε SET RECORDING COND MANU TRIG **AUTO TRIG** LONG TIME HI SPEED

SBR937C

BR-38 908



SBR934C

BR-39 909

GI

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RS

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HA

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CONSULT Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR RH SENSOR FR LH SENSOR REAR RH SENSOR REAR LH SENSOR	Drive vehicle. (Each wheel is rotating.)	Almost the same speed as speedometer.
STOP LAMP SW	Brake is depressed.	Depress the pedal: ON Release the pedal: OFF
FR RH IN SOL FR RH OUT SOL FR LH IN SOL FR LH OUT SOL RR RH IN SOL RR RH OUT SOL RR LH IN SOL RR LH IN SOL RR LH OUT SOL	Engine is running.	Operating conditions for each solenoid valve are indicated. ABS is not operating: OFF
ACTUATOR RLY		Ignition switch ON (Engine stops): OFF Engine running: ON
MOTOR RELAY	Ignition switch is ON or	ABS is not operating: OFF ABS is operating: ON
WARNING LAMP	WARNING LAMP	Warning lamp is turned on: ON Warning lamp is turned off: OFF
SENSOR VOLT		Power supply voltage for control unit

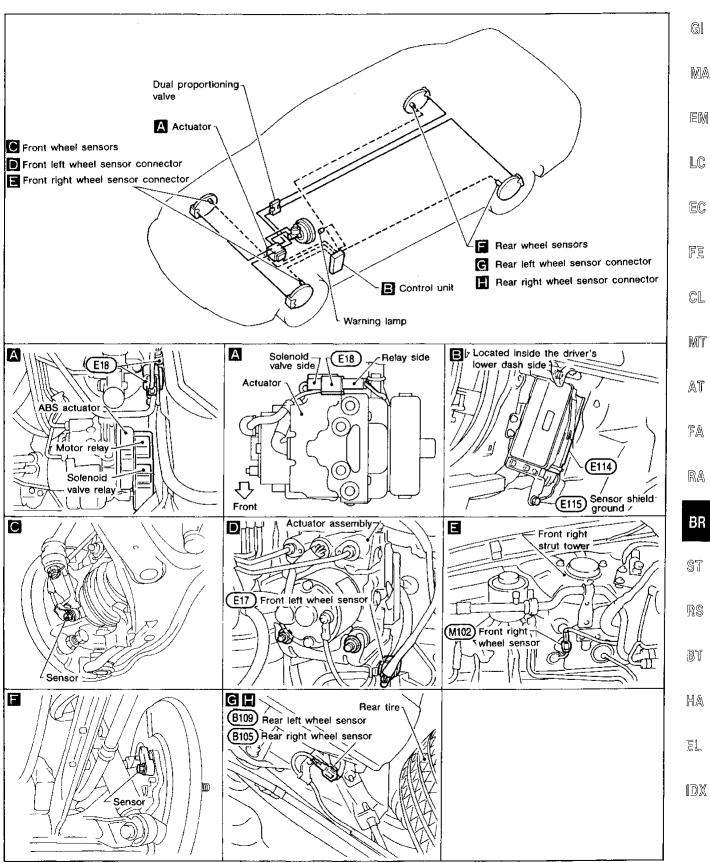
ACTIVE TEST MODE

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT			
FR RH SOLENOID FR LH SOLENOID RR RH SOLENOID RR LH SOLENOID	Engine is running.	Brake fluid pressure control operation IN SOL UP (Increase): OFF	OUT SOL OFF OFF ON		
ABS MOTOR		ABS actuator motor ON: Motor runs OFF: Motor stops	UN	ON	

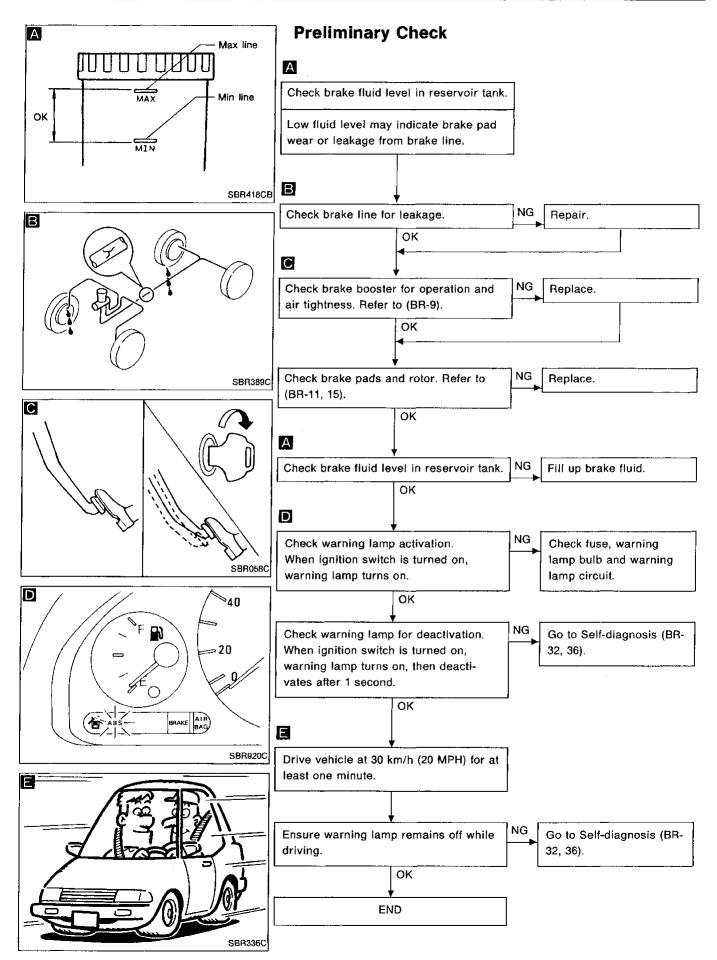
Note: Active test will automatically stop ten seconds after the test starts. (LIMIT SIGNAL monitor shows ON.)

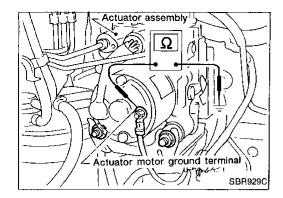
BR-40 910

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



SBR928CA





Ground Circuit Check

ACTUATOR MOTOR GROUND

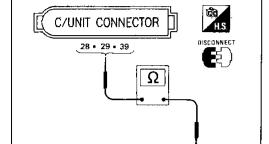
 Check resistance between actuator motor ground terminal and body ground.

Resistance: $\mathbf{0}\Omega$

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MA



CONTROL UNIT GROUND

Check resistance between the terminals and ground.

Resistance: 0Ω

EC

LC

CL

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SBR930C

Check resistance between actuator harness 6-pin connector (body side) terminal (8) and ground.

Resistance: 0Ω

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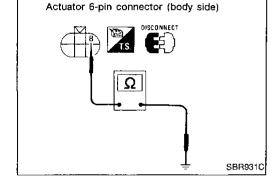
RS

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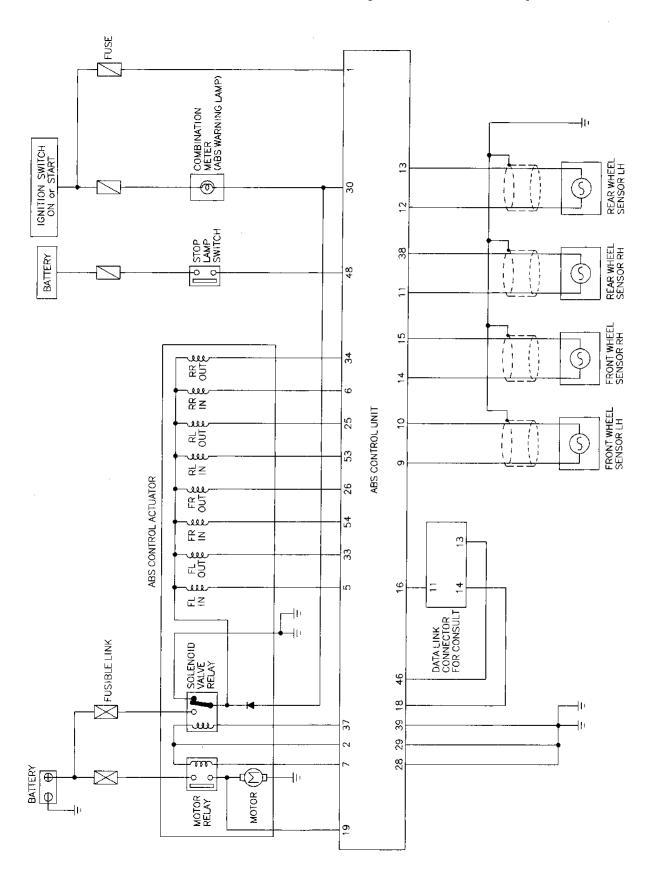
HA

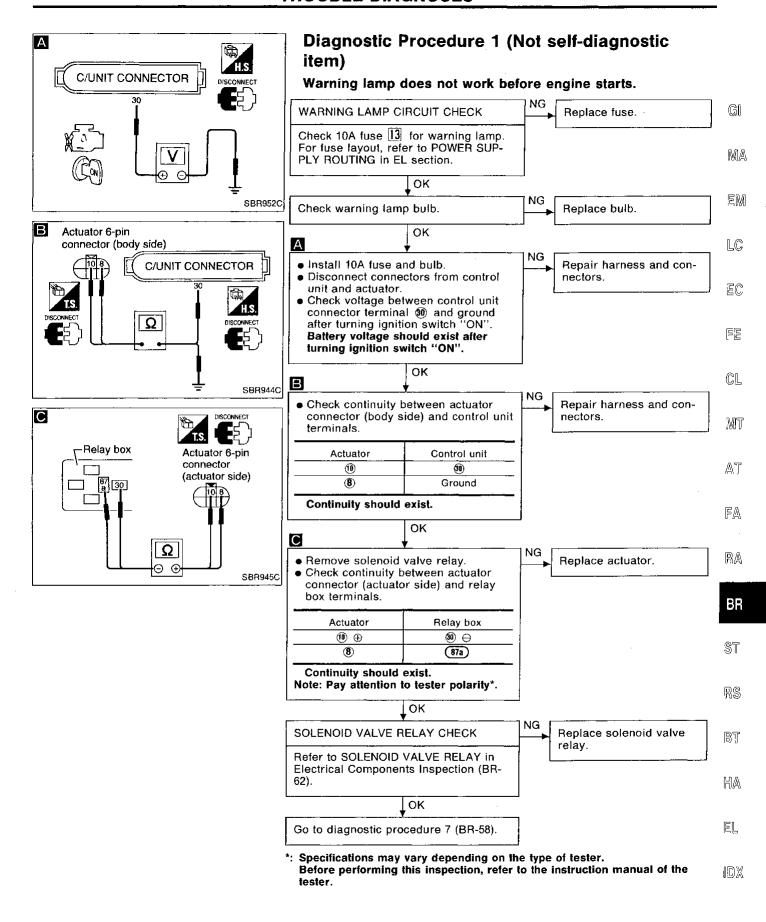
EL

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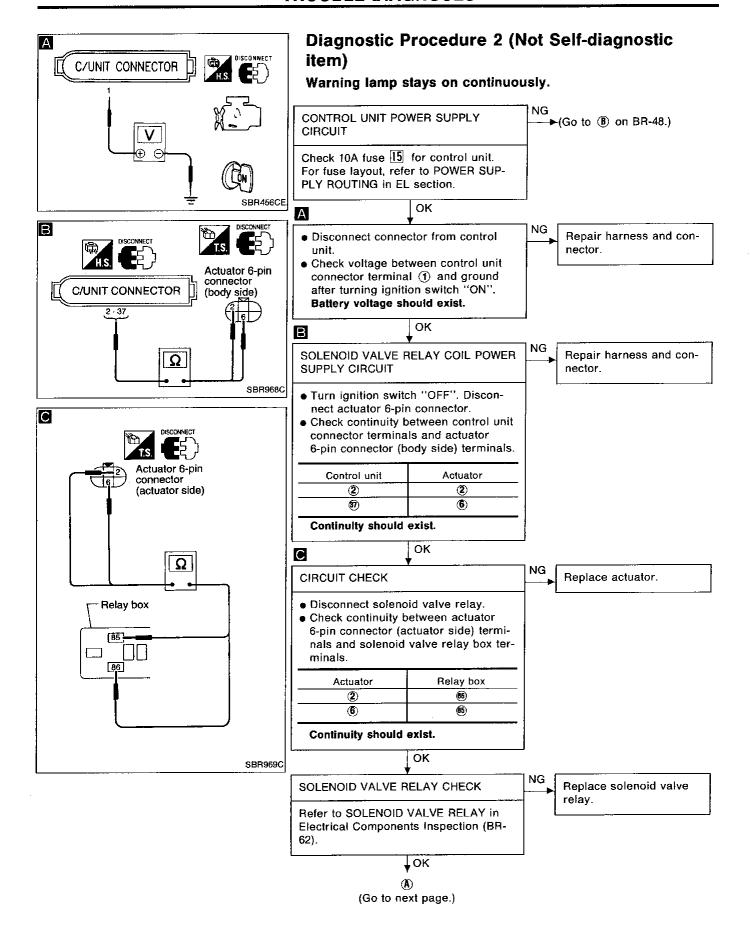


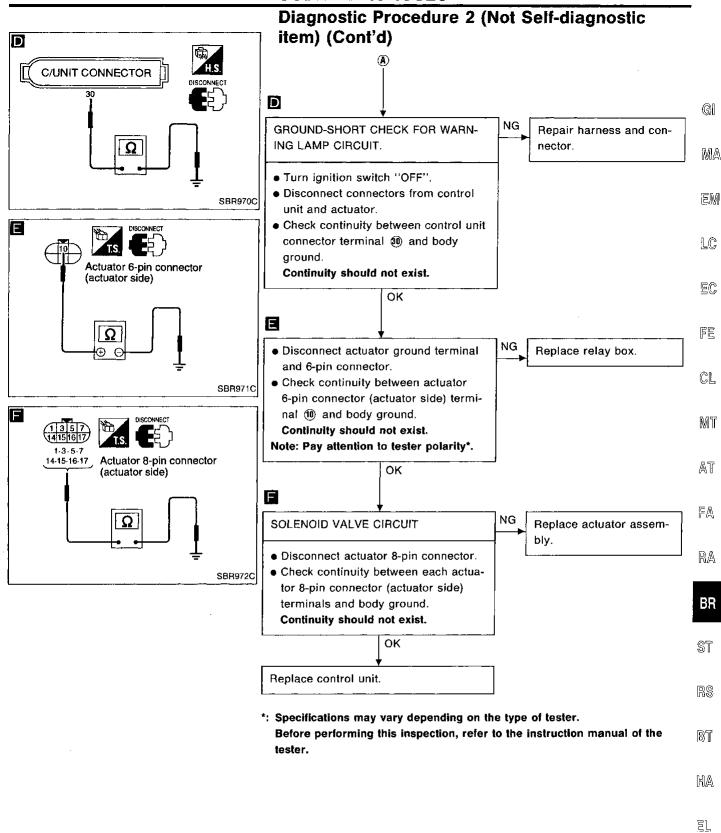
Circuit Diagram for Quick Pinpoint Check





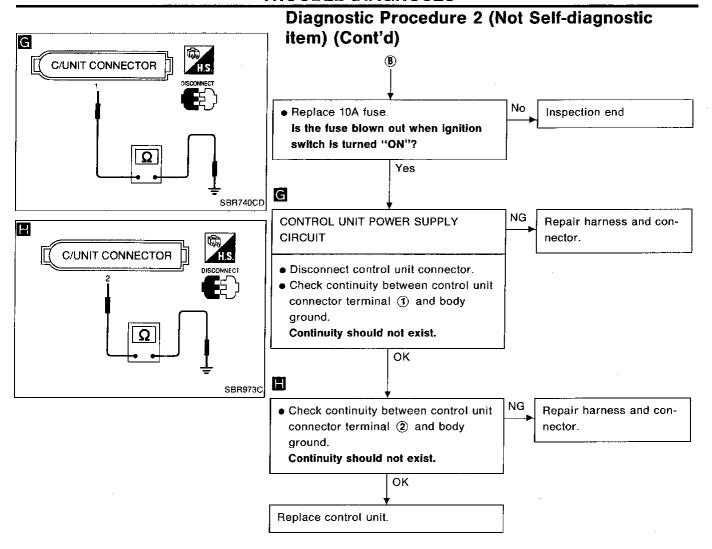
BR-45 915



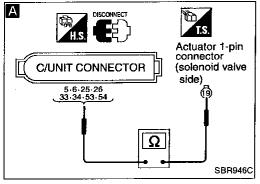


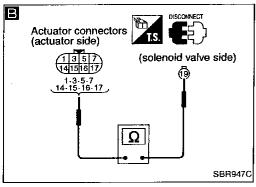
BR-47 917

1DX



BR-48 918





Diagnostic Procedure 3

ACTUATOR SOLENOID VALVE (Malfunction code No. 41, 45, 51, 55, 42, 46, 52, 56)

 Disconnect connectors from control unit and actuator. Check terminals for damage or loose connection. Then reconnect connectors.

Carry out self-diagnosis again.
 Does warning lamp activate again?

Inspection end

Α

ACTUATOR SOLENOID VALVE CHECK

Yes

→♠ (Go to next page.)

- Disconnect connectors from control unit and actuator.
- Check resistance between control unit connector terminals and actuator
 1-pin connector (solenoid valve side) terminal.

Code No.	Control unit	Actuator	Resis- tance
41	(26)	(19)	1455
45	(33)	(19)	
51	34)	(19)	4.4 - 6.0Ω
55	2 5	(19)	
42	(4)	(19)	
46	(5)	19	8.5 - 9.5Ω
52	6	19	0.0 - 3.022
56	53)	19	

NG

В

• Disconnect actuator 8-pin connector.

 Check resistance between actuator 8-pin connector (actuator side) terminals and 1-pin connector (solenoid valve side) terminal.

Code No.	Actuator	Resistance
41	(15) - (19)	
45	(4) - (19)	4.4 - 6.0Ω
51	(1) - (19)	4.4 - 0.052
55	16 - 19	
42	3 - 19	
46	① - ⑨	8.5 - 9.5Ω
52	7 - 19	0.0 - 9.0\$2
56	5 - 19	
	NG	

Replace actuator.

Repair harness and connector between control unit connector terminal and actuator 8-pin connector terminal.

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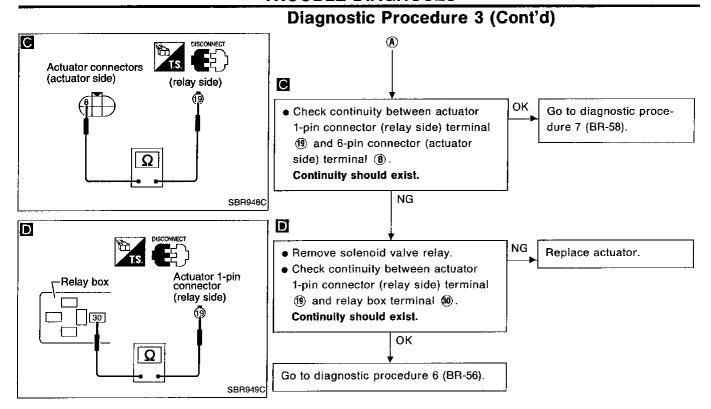
HA

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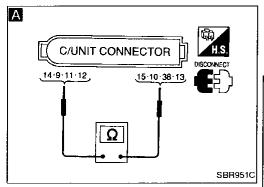
NDX

BR-49 919

QΚ



BR-50 920



Diagnostic Procedure 4

WHEEL SENSOR OR ROTOR

(Malfunction code No. 21, 22, 25, 26, 31, 32, 35, 36 or 18)

Inspection end

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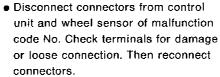
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be distinguished by

code No. except code

No. 18 (sensor rotor).



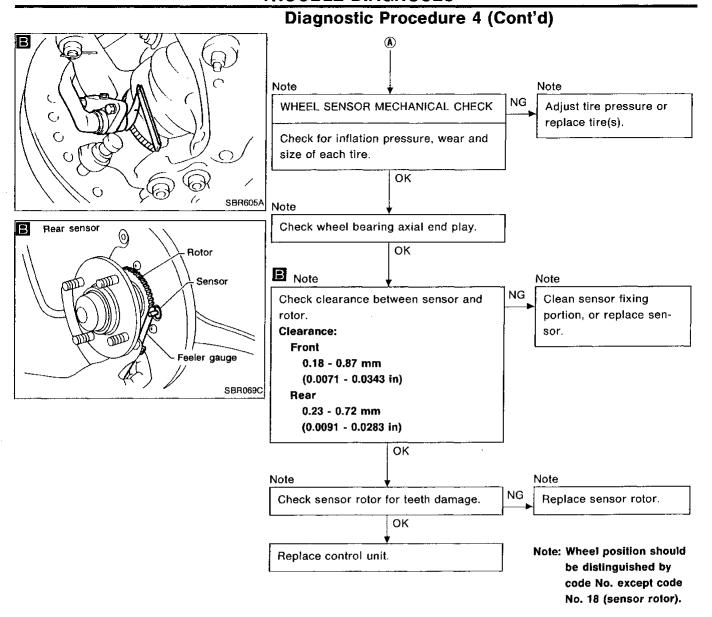
Repair harness and connectors

wheel sensor connector.

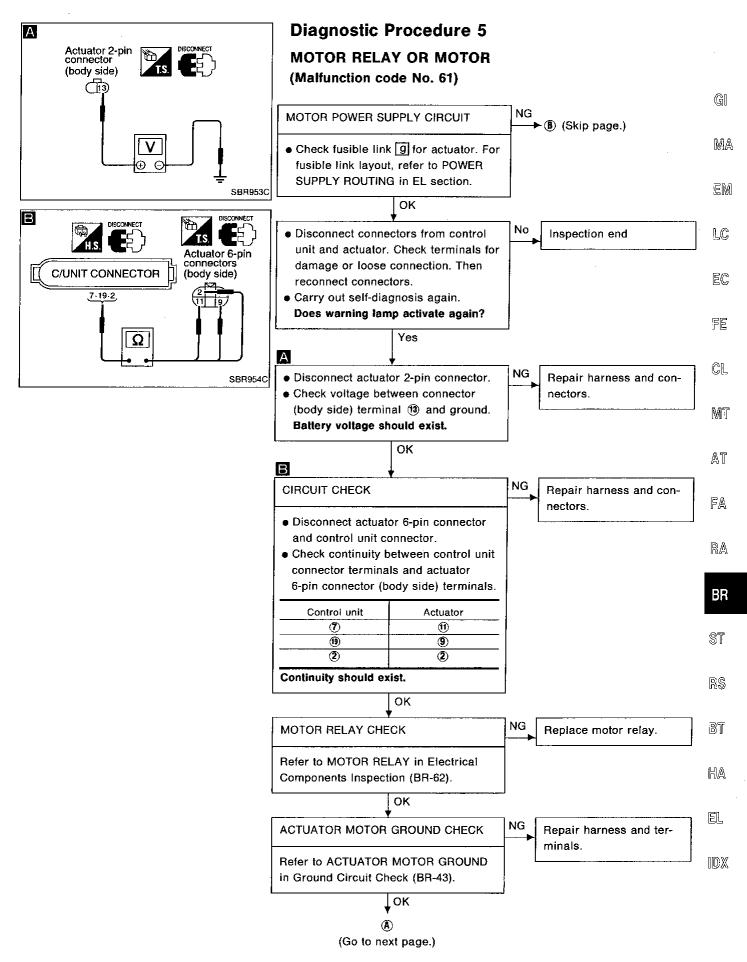
between control unit connector and

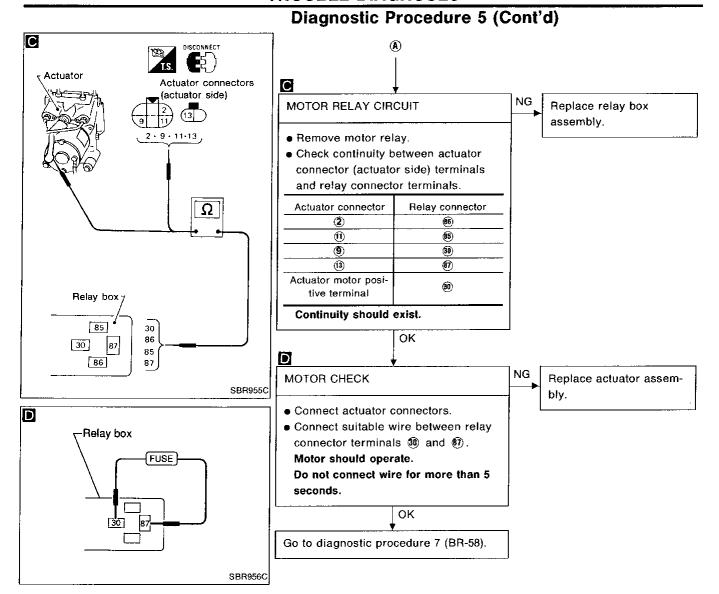
· Carry out self-diagnosis again. Does warning lamp activate again? Yes Α WHEEL SENSOR ELECTRICAL CHECK ▲ (See next page.) · Disconnect control unit connector. Check resistance between control unit connector terminals. Code No. 21 or 22 (Front RH wheel) Terminals (14) and (15) Code No. 25 or 26 (Front LH wheel) Terminals (9) and (10) Code No. 31 or 32 (Rear RH wheel) Terminals (1) and (38) Code No. 35 or 36 (Rear LH wheel) Terminals (2) and (3) Resistance: 0.8 - 1.2 kΩ NG Note Note NG Replace wheel sensor. CHECK WHEEL SENSOR. Refer to WHEEL SENSOR in Electrical Components Inspection (BR-62). OK Note: Wheel position should Note

BR-51 921

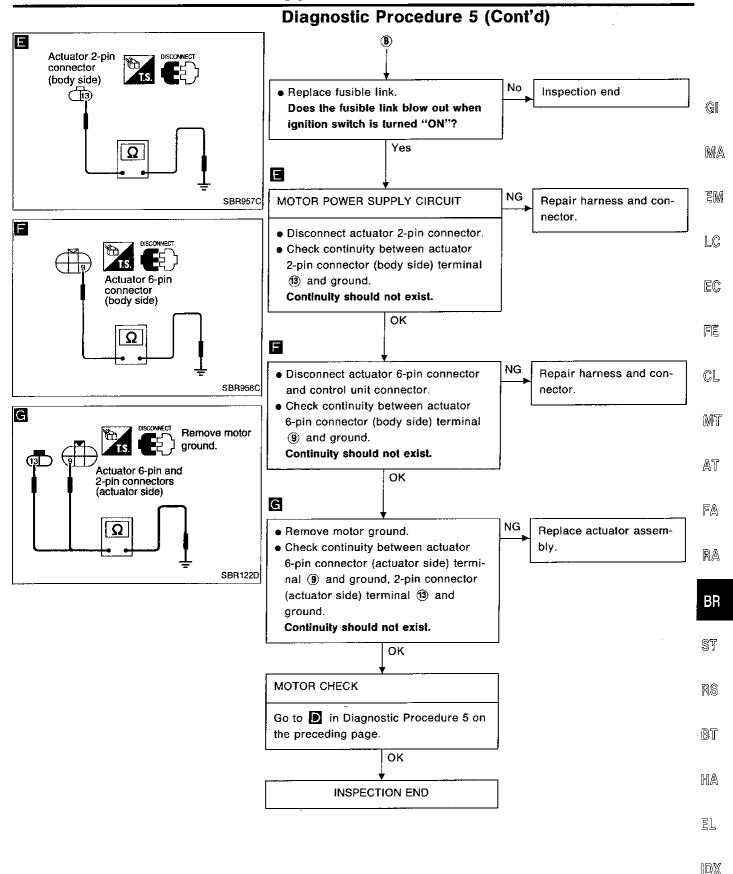


BR-52 922

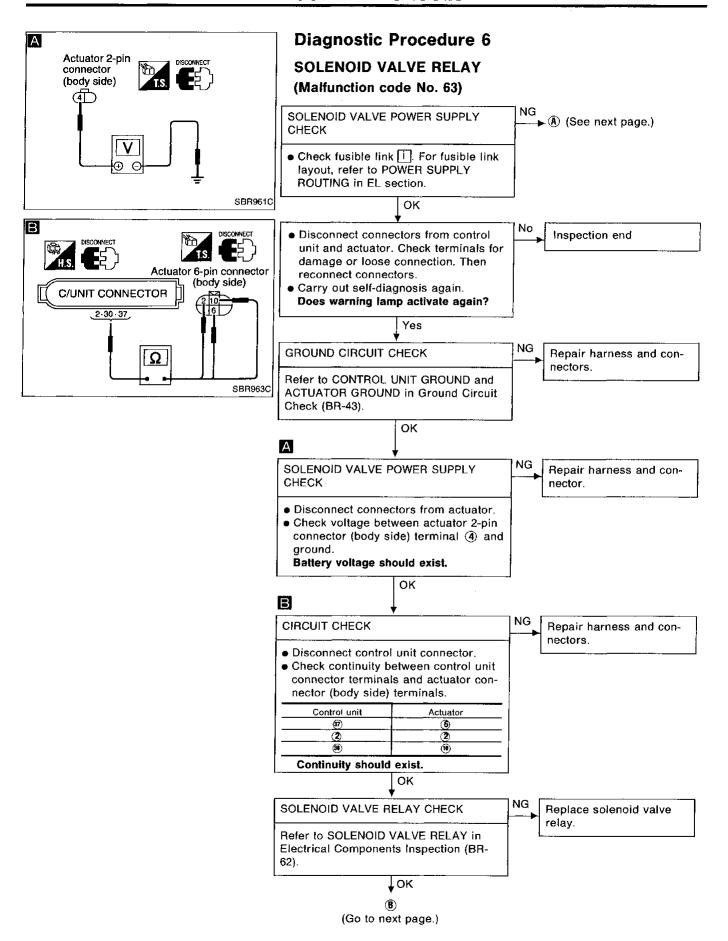


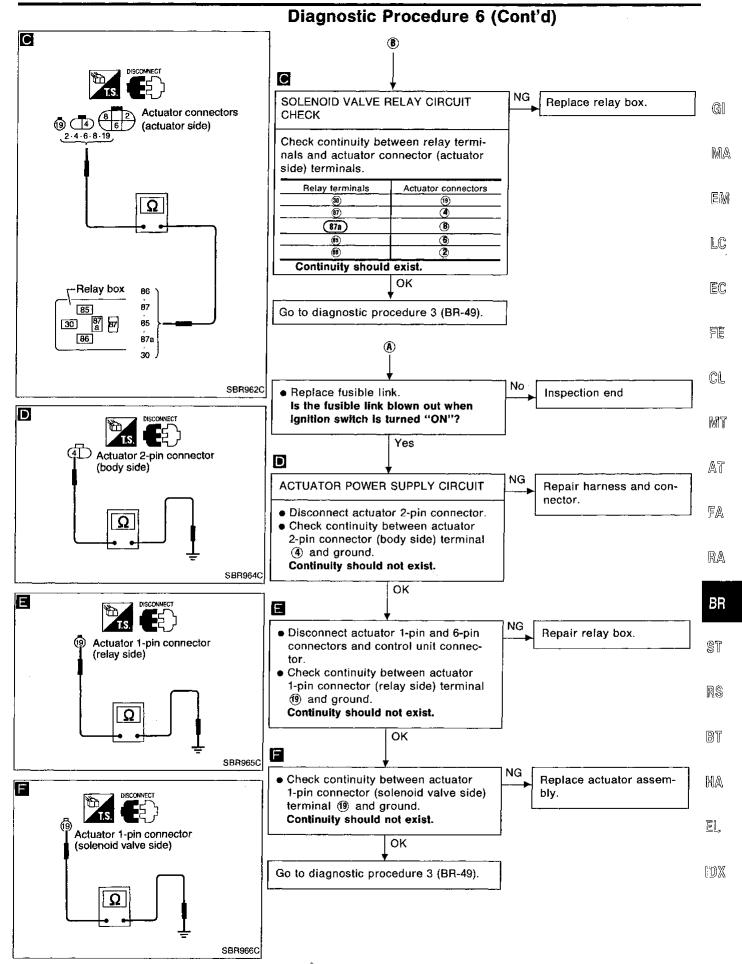


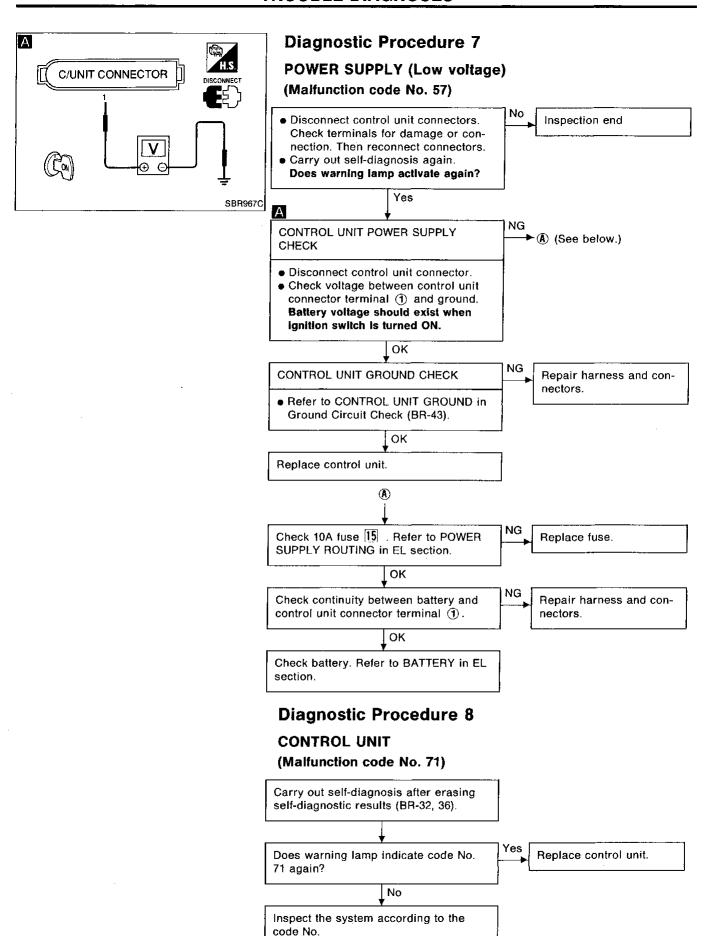
BR-54 924



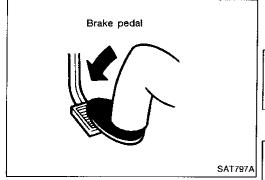
BR-55 925





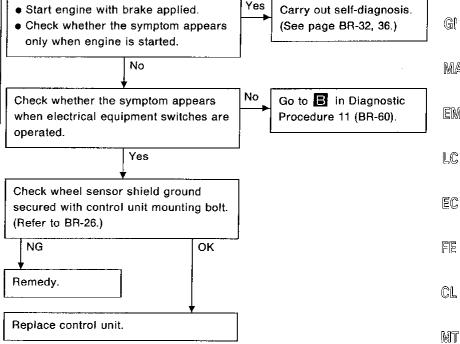


BR-58 928



Diagnostic Procedure 9

SYMPTOM: Pedal vibration and noise



Note: ABS may operate and cause vibration under the following conditions.

- Applying brake gradually when shifting or operating clutch.
- Low-friction road
- High speed cornering
- Passing over bumps/potholes
- Engine speed is over 5,000 rpm with vehicle stopped.

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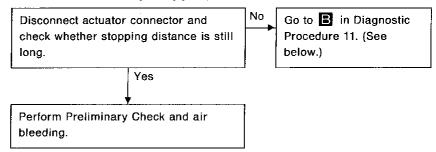
BT

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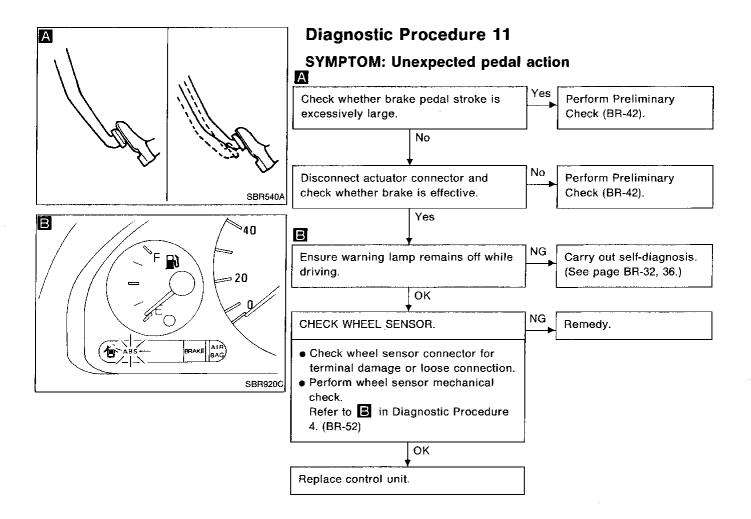
IDX

Diagnostic Procedure 10

SYMPTOM: Long stopping distance



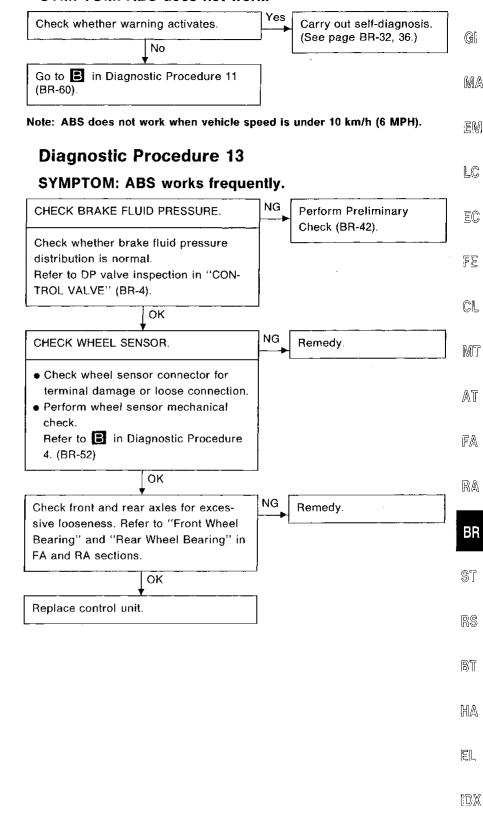
Note: Stopping distance may be longer than that of vehicles without ABS when road condition is slippery.



BR-60 930

Diagnostic Procedure 12

SYMPTOM: ABS does not work.



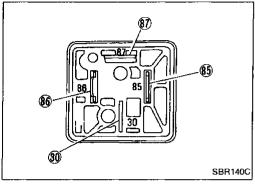
BR-61 931

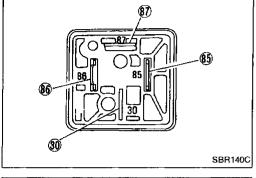
Electrical Components Inspection

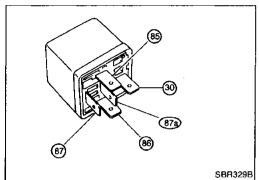
WHEEL SENSOR

Check resistance for each sensor.

Resistance: 0.8 - 1.2 k Ω







ACTUATOR MOTOR RELAY

Condition	Continuity existence between terminals 🚳 and 67
Battery voltage not applied between terminals (5) and (6).	No
Battery voltage applied between terminals (6) and (6).	Yes

While applying battery voltage to relay terminals, insert fuse into the circuit.

SOLENOID VALVE RELAY

Condition	Continuity existence between terminals (9) and (87a)	Continuity existence between terminals 30 and 67
Battery voltage not applied between terminals (5) and (6).	Yes	No
Battery voltage applied between terminals (6) and (6).	No	Yes

While applying battery voltage to relay terminals, insert fuse into the circuit.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

Front brake	
Brake model	CL25VB disc brake
Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)	57.2 (2.252)
Pad mm (in) Length x width x thickness	125.6 x 45.3 x 11 (4.94 x 1.783 x 0.43)
Rotor outer diameter x thick- ness mm (in)	280 x 22 (11.02 x 0.87)
Rear brake	
Brake model	CL9HB disc brake
Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)	33.96 (1.3370)
Pad mm (in) Length x width x thickness	89.1 x 39.5 x 10 (3.508 x 1.555 x 0.39)
Rotor outer diameter x thickness mm (in)	278 x 9 (10.94 x 0.35)

Master cylinder	
Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)	23.81 (15/16)
Control valve	
Valve model	Dual proportioning valve
Split point kPa (kg/cm², psi) x reducing ratio	1,961 (20, 284) x 0.2
Brake booster	
Booster model	M215T
Diaphragm diameter mm (in)	Primary: 230 (9.06) Secondary: 205 (8.07)
Recommended brake fluid	DOT 3

Inspection and Adjustment PARKING BRAKE

DISC BRAKE

Brake model	CL25VB	CL9HB
Pad wear limit mm (in)		
Minimum thickness	2.0 (0.079)	1.5 (0.059)
Rotor repair limit mm (in)		-
Minimum thickness	20.0 (0.787)	8 (0.31)

Туре	Center lever
Number of notches	
[under force of 196 N (20 kg, 44 lb)]	10 - 11
Number of notches	
when warning lamp switch comes on	1

BRAKE PEDAL

Free height "H" mm (in)	
M/T	158 - 165 (6.22 - 6.50)
A/T	167 - 174 (6.57 - 6.85)
Depressed height "D" mm (in)	
[under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with engine running]	M/T: 70 (2.76) A/T: 75 (2.95)
Pedal free play "A" mm (in)	1 - 3 (0.04 - 0.12)
Clearance "C" between pedal stopper and threaded end of stop lamp switch or ASCD switch mm (in)	0.3 - 1.0 (0.012 - 0.039)

Туре	Center lever	SWIST.
Number of notches		U NANE U
[under force of 196 N (20 kg, 44 lb)]	10 - 11	AT
Number of notches		
when warning lamp switch comes on	1	FA

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